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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/751,158	01/02/2004	Victor L. Lebron	PC-1545	1806	
23717	7590 09/09/2004	90 09/09/2004		EXAMINER	
	CES OF BRIAN S S	THOMAS, DAVID B			
101 BREVARD AVENUE COCOA, FL 32922			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3723	•	

DATE MAILED: 09/09/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/751,158	LEBRON, VICTOR L.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	David B. Thomas	3723				
The MAILING DATE of this communicated Period for Reply	ation appears on the cover sheet witl	the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC.  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commun. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) or If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statur. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will Any reply received by the Office later than three months afte earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION.  37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repication.  days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty tory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI  I, by statute, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>02 January 2004</u> .					
	)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the approach 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the E	Examiner.					
10) $oxtimes$ The drawing(s) filed on 26 January 200						
Applicant may not request that any objection						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including th 11) The oath or declaration is objected to b		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ol> <li>Copies of the certified copies of application from the International</li> </ol>	cuments have been received. cuments have been received in App the priority documents have been re I Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No eceived in this National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for	or a list of the certified copies not re	ceived.				
Attachment(s)						
<ul> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTOB)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/2/04.</li> </ul>	-948) Paper No(s)/M	nmary (PTO-413) Mail Date mal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

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### Claim Objections

1. Claims 13-20 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim.

Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. The examiner notes that claims 13-16 merely recite specific structural elements, and as such, fail to further limit the method of opening and closing a shutter and window with t-shaped pins. Therefore, claims 13-16, although considered, have not been given patentable weight, as it has been held that to be entitled to weight in method claims, the recited structure limitations therein must affect the method in a manipulative sense, and not to amount to the mere claiming of a use of a particular structure. Ex parte Pfeiffer, 1962 C.D. 408 (1961). The examiner also notes that claims 17-20, also considered, are drawn to method steps in forming the tool that is used in the method of opening and closing a shutter and window, and as such fails to further limit the method, and, furthermore, is not germane to the issue of patentability of the device itself.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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3. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kozak (6,715,384), in view of Payne et al. (6,010,154) and Lam (6,095,016).

The examiner notes that the preamble to claims 1 and 12 are directed to using the tool for shutters or windows having a crank knob with T-shaped pin knobs, however, the preamble has not been given patentable weight because it has been held that a preamble is denied the effect of a limitation where the claim is drawn to a structure, or the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed, as such does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art reference, or references, that satisfies the claimed structural limitations. *Ex parte Masham*, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1987).

4. Kozak ('384) discloses a multi-functional device that is capable of rotating various devices. The tool of Kozak ('384) includes an elongated member having first end adapted to be attached to one of a power tool or a socket wrench, and a second end; an adapter head attached to the second end of the elongate member having slots for engaging various devices. Kozak ('384) discloses the invention as claimed except for the provision of *irregular* slots, or a particular length and diameter. Payne et al. ('154) discloses a similar device and teaches that the work engaging end of the device is to include *irregular* slots such that the tool may appropriately engage a device having a cross member, i.e. T-shaped pin knobs. Lam ('016) teaches the provision of an elongate member such that the tool is capable of being used from a distance from the object upon which the tool is being used. Therefore, upon consideration of the prior art of record as a whole, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art

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at the time the invention was made to have modified the multi-functional tool of Kozak ('384) by providing irregular shaped slots, such as the slots as taught by Payne et al. (154), such that the tool has better engagement with a workpiece having a crossmember, i.e. T-shaped pin knobs, and by providing greater length to the tool, as taught by Lam ('016), such that the tool may be effectively used from a distance. Regarding the particular length and diameter of the tool, as in claims 2 and 20, the examiner respectfully contends that changes in size, or a particular size vs. the prior art of record, are not sufficient to patentably distinguish over prior art satisfying the structural limitations as claimed. In re Rose, 220 F.2d 459, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955). The examiner also notes that the device of Kozak ('384), as modified by Payne et al. ('154) and Lam ('016), is fully capable of performing the method as claimed.

#### Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Bird et al., Gracia et al., McKivigan, Murray, Onofrio, and Talbot each disclose a device.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David B. Thomas whose telephone number is (703) 308-4250. The examiner can normally be reached on 7-4 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph J. Hail can be reached on (703) 308-2687. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David B. Thomas Patent Examiner Art Unit 3723